

Salt Lake County Parks and Recreation Concussion and Head Injury Release

Pursuant to the passage of House Bill 204, Protection of Athletes with Head Injuries and in order to help protect participants in Salt Lake County sporting events, effective July 1st 2011, Salt Lake County Parks and Recreation requires that athletes, parents/guardians and coaches follow Salt Lake County Head Injury Policy and Procedures.

A concussion is a brain injury and all brain injuries are serious. They are caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head, or by a blow to another part of the body with the force transmitted to the head. They can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Even though most concussions are mild, **all concussions are potentially serious and may result in complications including prolonged brain damage and death if not recognized and managed properly.** You can't see a concussion and most sports concussions occur without loss of consciousness. Signs and symptoms of concussion may show up right after the injury or can take hours or days to fully appear. If your child/player reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms or signs of concussion yourself, seek medical attention right away.

Symptoms may include one or more of the following: Headaches, Amnesia, "Pressure in head", "Don't feel right", Nausea or vomiting, Fatigue or low energy, Neck pain, Sadness, Balance problems or dizziness, Nervousness or anxiety, Blurred, double, or fuzzy vision, Irritability, Sensitivity to light or noise, More emotional, Feeling sluggish or slowed down, Confusion, Feeling foggy or groggy, Concentration or memory problems, Drowsiness(forgetting game plays), Change in sleep patterns, Repeating the same question/comment.

Signs observed by teammates, parents and coaches may include: Appears dazed, Any Change in typical behavior or personality, Vacant facial expression, Confused about assignment, Loses Consciousness, Forgets plays, Shows behavior or personality changes, Is unsure of game, score, or opponent, Slurred speech, Moves clumsily or displays lack of coordination, Seizures or convulsions, Answers questions slowly, Can't recall events after hit, Can't recall events prior to hit.

What can happen if my athlete keeps on playing with a concussion or returns too soon?

Athletes with the signs and symptoms of concussion should be removed from play immediately. Continuing to play with the signs and symptoms of a concussion leaves the young athlete especially vulnerable to greater injury. There is an increased risk of significant damage from a concussion for a period of time after that concussion occurs, particularly if the athlete suffers another concussion before completely recovering from the first one. This can lead to prolonged recovery, or even to severe brain swelling (second impact syndrome) with devastating and even fatal consequences. It is well known that adolescent or teenage athletes will often under report symptoms of injuries. And concussions are no different. As a result, education of administrators, coaches, parents and students is the key for a young athlete's safety.

If you think your child/player has suffered a concussion

Any athlete, under the age of 18, suspected of suffering a head injury or concussion must be removed from the game or practice immediately. No athlete may return to activity after an apparent head injury or concussion, regardless of how mild it seems or how quickly symptoms clear, without written medical clearance. Written medical clearance must state that the athlete has been evaluated by a qualified health care provider, licensed under Utah Code Ann, Title 58, who is trained in the evaluation and management of concussions; and that the qualified health care provider has, within three years before the day on which the written statement is made, successfully completed a continuing education course in the evaluation and management of a concussion; and the athlete is cleared to resume participation in the County sporting program or event.

Licensed Health Care Providers acceptable to make the determination:

1. Medical Doctors (MD)
2. Doctor of Osteopathy (DO)
3. Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioner (ARNP)
4. Physician's Assistant (PA)
5. Licensed Certified Athletic Trainers (ATC)

You should also inform your child's coach if you think that your child/player may have a concussion. Remember, it's better to miss one game than miss the whole season. And when in doubt, the athlete sits out.

Print Athlete Name

I have read, understand and agree to abide by the Salt Lake County Head Injury Policy:

Parent or Legal Guardian (PRINT)

Parent or Legal Guardian (Signature)

Date