

Utah Reportable Diseases

Utah law requires the following diseases be reported to the local health department

Revised March 2017

Report **IMMEDIATELY** to **385-468-8888, option 7:**

- Anthrax (cases, suspect cases)*
- Botulism*
- Cholera
- Diphtheria*
- *Haemophilus influenzae* (invasive disease)*
- Hepatitis A
- Influenza, nonseasonal strain
- Measles (Rubeola) *
- Meningococcal disease (*Neisseria meningitidis*)*
- Plague*
- Poliomyelitis (paralytic and non)
- Rabies (human and animal)
- Rubella (excluding congenital syndrome)
- Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)
- Smallpox
- *Staphylococcus aureus* with resistance (VRSA) or intermediate resistance (VISA) to vancomycin*
- Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (prion diseases), including Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
- Tuberculosis (*Mycobacterium tuberculosis*)*
- Tularemia*
- Typhoid (cases and carriers)
- Viral hemorrhagic fevers (*Ebola*, *Lassa*, *Marburg*, *Nipah*-related)
- Yellow fever

Also immediately reportable:

Unusual diseases or outbreaks of any kind and any exposure/infection that may indicate a bioterrorism event or public health hazard

***Mandatory isolates submission to Utah Public Health Laboratory**

Report **within 3 working days** via phone (385-468-8888, option 6), fax (385-468-4234), or at saltlakehealth.org:

- Acute Flaccid Myelitis (AFM)
- Adverse event resulting after smallpox vaccination
- Anaplasmosis
- Arbovirus infection including Chikungunya, West Nile, Zika*
- Babesiosis
- Botulism, infant
- Brucellosis*
- Campylobacteriosis*
- Carbapenam-resistant or carbapenamase producing *Acinetobacter*, *Enterobacter*, *Escherichia coli*, *Klebsiella* species
- Chancroid
- Chickenpox
- *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection
- Coccidioidomycosis
- Colorado tick fever
- Cryptosporidiosis
- *Cyclosporiasis*
- Dengue fever
- Ehrlichiosis
- Encephalitis
- Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (STEC) infection*
- Giardiasis
- Gonorrhea (sexually transmitted and ophthalmia neonatorum)*
- Hantavirus infection (Sin Nombre virus)
- Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (post-diarrheal)
- Hepatitis, viral, including B (acute, chronic and perinatal), C, D, E
- Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection, including perinatal and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) diagnosis
- Influenza-associated hospitalization*
- Influenza-associated death in a person less than 18 years
- Legionellosis*
- Leptospirosis
- Listeriosis*
- Lyme disease
- Malaria
- Meningitis (aseptic, bacterial, fungal, parasitic, protozoan, viral)
- Mumps
- Mycobacteria other than Tuberculosis*
- Pertussis
- Pregnancy associated with a Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, HIV, *Listeria*, Rubella, Syphilis, or Zika virus infection
- Psittacosis
- Q Fever (Coxiella infection)
- Relapsing fever (tick-borne or louse-borne)
- Rubella (including congenital syndrome)
- Salmonellosis*
- Shigellosis*
- Spotted fever rickettsioses (including Rocky Mountain spotted fever)
- Streptococcal disease, invasive, due to *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, and Groups A and B (isolated from a normally sterile site)
- Syphilis (all stages and congenital)
- Tetanus
- Toxic-Shock Syndrome (staphylococcal or streptococcal)
- Trichinellosis
- Vibriosis*

Also reportable: Elevated blood lead levels (≥ 5 micrograms per deciliter)

***Mandatory isolates submission to Utah Public Health Laboratory**

Reportable through **Electronic Laboratory Reporting (ELR)** for participating laboratories and hospitals:

- *Clostridium difficile*
- CD4+ T- Lymphocyte tests
- Cytomegalovirus (CMV), congenital
- Liver function tests, including ALT, AST, bilirubin
- Norovirus infection
- Streptococcal disease, invasive, other