

Puncturevine (Goathead) Fact Sheet

Tribulus terrestris

Zygophyllaceae Family



Richard Old, XID Services, Inc., Bugwood.org



Forest & Kim Starr, U.S. Geological Survey, Bugwood.org



Richard Old, XID Services, Inc., Bugwood.org

Distinguishing Features:

- ❶ **Flowers:** Yellow, five petaled flowers, approximately ½ inch in size.
- ❷ **Seeds:** A spiny burr, containing 5 seeds; Matures to a tan or grey and is very hard. 200 - 5,000 seeds per plant that can remain viable in the soil for 4-5 years.
- ❸ **Leaves:** Small, hairy, opposite.
- ❹ **Flowering Time:** Mid summer. Germinates and goes to seed in 2 - 3 weeks.
- ❺ **Life cycle/ other:** Annual forming dense mats reaching 2-5 ft in diameter.

Impacts:

- The hard, spiky seed case can injure livestock, people, and pets when stepped on and can puncture bicycle and car tires.
- Infestations crowd out desirable plants in orchards, turf, pastures, and on recreational trails.

Control:

- Long-term control of puncturevine can be achieved by consistently reducing the amount of seed in the soil. Burrs that have dropped after removing the plant may be collected and removed by sweeping or raking the ground.
- For small infestations of puncturevine in the home landscape and garden, the most effective management is removal of seedlings and older plants by digging or hoeing, taking care to also remove any burrs that fall off the plant.
- For larger infestations, products containing oryzalin, benefin, or trifluralin will provide partial control of germinating seeds.
- Postemergence, products containing 2, 4-D, glyphosate, and dicamba are effective when applied to seedlings.
- Biological control from two introduced weevils has been very effective in mild climates but has failed to establish in Utah, possibly because of colder winters.



Richard Old, XID Services, Inc., Bugwood.org

Puncturevine produces sharply pointed burrs that stick painfully to bare feet and cause bicycle flats, reducing the recreational potential of many areas.

*Please visit our website for references sourcing this information.



Salt Lake County Weed Control Program
www.slco.org/weeds/
385-468-4035
noxiousweeds@slco.org